

GORING C.E. PRIMARY SCHOOL ADMISSION ARRANGEMENTS FOR 2026-2027

Vision Statement

I am the vine; you are the branches. If you remain in me and I in you, you will bear much fruit.

John 15:5

We are all part of God's vine and are rooted in His rich soil. We are nurtured and supported so that we may grow and spread out into the world to love and to serve.

Goring Church of England Primary School has a distinctive Christian ethos which is at the centre of school life. We provide an inclusive, supportive and caring environment shaped by Christian values in which all children can learn and flourish. We welcome applicants from all members of the community without reference to ability or aptitude, and irrespective of whether they are of the Christian faith, another faith or no faith. We ask all parents applying for a place at our school to respect this ethos and its importance to the whole school community.

The governors have made every effort to ensure that these arrangements comply with the School Admissions Code 2021 and all relevant legislation, including that on infant class sizes and equal opportunities.

Admission arrangements to the Reception Year in September 2026

At our school, pupils are normally admitted at the beginning of the school year (1 September – 31 August) in which they reach their fifth birthday. Parents whose children were born between 1 September 2021 and 31 August 2022 may apply for them to be admitted to the Reception Year in September 2026. There are 30 places available. Our policy is not to offer admission to the Reception year in September 2026 to children who were born on or after 1 September 2022.

Parents of a child whose fifth birthday falls between 1 September 2026 and 31 March 2027may defer entry until their child reaches compulsory school age (the term beginning in January or April after his or her fifth birthday). The school will hold the deferred place for the child (provided it is taken up during the school year 2026-27), although, in the majority of cases, we find that children benefit from starting at the beginning of the school year, rather than part way through it.

For children whose fifth birthday falls between 1 April 2027 and 31 August 2027 (summer born children) who do not reach compulsory school age until September 2027, parents who do not wish them to start school in school year 2026-27 but to be admitted to the Reception Year in September 2027, should apply at the usual time for a place in September 2026. The

application should include a written request that the child is admitted outside his or her normal age group to the Reception year in September 2027.

N.B. parents would need to provide supporting reasons for seeking a place outside the normal age group and should discuss the position with the Headteacher as early as possible.

The school will consider the request carefully and if it is agreed this should be clear before the national offer day (on or around 16 April 2026), their application for the normal age group may be withdrawn before any place is offered. They should then reapply in the normal way for consideration (no later than 15 January 2027) for a Reception place in September 2027. If their request is refused, the parents must decide whether to wait for any other offer of a place in September 2026 (NB it will still be subject to the over-subscription criteria below) or to withdraw their application and apply in the second half of the of the summer term 2027 for a Year 1 place in September 2027. Parents should be aware that the Year 1 group may have no vacancies and it could be full with children transferring from the 2026-27 Reception Year group.

Until the child reaches compulsory school age, s/he may attend part-time. If parents wish to exercise this right they should discuss detailed arrangements with the Headteacher.

Goring C.E. Primary School's admissions to the Reception year are administered by Oxfordshire County Council and are part of their co-ordinated admission arrangements. Parents (see Note 1) wishing to apply for the Reception [Foundation] Year in September 2026 must complete the common application form provided by their home local authority (the home LA). The home LA is the LA in whose area the parents live at the time of the application. The form must be returned to that LA no later than 15 January 2026. Applications received after this date will normally only be considered after all those received on or before the cut-off date. Offers and refusals of places will be posted by the home LA on or about 16 April 2026.

Over-subscription criteria

Children with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP), naming Goring C. E. Primary School will always be offered places. If there is then greater demand for admission than there are places available, the following criteria will be applied in the order set out below:

- I. Looked-after children and children who were previously looked after, but ceased to be so because, immediately after being looked after, they became subject to an adoption, child arrangements or special guardianship order. (See Note 2)
- II. Families with a normal home address (see Note 3) in the catchment area who have exceptional medical or social needs that make it essential that they attend Goring C.E. Primary School rather than any other school. These needs must be fully supported by written evidence from the appropriate professional person involved with the family. (See Note 4). The catchment area is defined as the civil parishes of Goring on Thames and Ipsden (the latter includes Braziers Park and Hailey).
- III. A map of the catchment area is shown <u>below</u>. Children with a normal home address (see Note 3) in the catchment area and with a sibling (see Note 5) on the roll of the school at the time of application, or whose parent has accepted an offer of a place at the school, and who is expected still to be in attendance at the time of entry to the school.
- IV. Children with a normal home address (See Note 3) in the catchment area.
- V. Families with a normal home address <u>outside</u> the <u>catchment area</u> who have exceptional medical or social needs that make it essential that they attend Goring C.E. Primary School rather than any other school. These needs must be fully supported by

- written evidence from the appropriate professional person involved with the family (See Note 4).
- VI. Children with a normal home address outside the catchment area <u>and</u> with a sibling on the roll of the school at the time of application or whose parent has accepted an offer of a place at the school and who is expected still to be in attendance at the time of entry to the school (see Note 5).
- VII. Other children.

Note: Criteria relating to denominational preferences have been removed.

Proximity of the child's home, as measured by the shortest distance (see Note 6) between the home and the school with those living nearer being accorded the higher priority, will serve to differentiate between children in criteria i to vii should the need arise. In the event that two distance measurements are identical, the school will use random allocation to decide which child should be offered the place. The process will be conducted in the presence of a person independent of the school.

All Other Admissions

In-Year Admissions

At Goring CE Primary School, we process our own in-year transfer applications. In-year applications should **not** be made via the Local Authority.

Admission to the school during the school year depends on whether or not there are places available. All year groups at the school have 30 places. Applications must be made directly to the school on a form available from the school office or from the school's website. Admissions outside the normal age group will be dealt with as indicated below.

If there is a vacancy, and there is no child on the relevant waiting list with a higher priority (according to the over-subscription criteria i – vii above), a place will be offered.

In-year admissions or admissions at the beginning of school years other than Reception will only be considered by the Governing Body up to one half-term in advance of the desired date for entry (based on a three-term year). For example, for entry in January, the application will not be considered until after October half-term. Also, accepted places must be taken up within 20 school days.

Please note that the school does not have a normal point of entry to Year 3 – applications for entry at the beginning of Year 3 are treated as indicated in this section.

If parents are moving house, for an application to be considered as 'in catchment' or where there are more applicants than the available places, the school will ask for evidence of the move before considering an application for a place. Documentary evidence in the form of a solicitor's letter to confirm exchange of contracts, or a rental agreement for a period of at least six months, will be required (Armed Forces personnel and Crown Servants returning from overseas postings are exempt). If you are returning from elsewhere, to live in a home that you own, we will require evidence to show that you have returned. We will also ask for evidence that any previous house owned has been sold or is being sold. We would not accept an address where the one given is that of a second home with the main home being elsewhere. If there are two or more homes, we will check which is the main home, and may refuse to base an allocation of a place on an address which might be considered only temporary. Nor would we accept an address where the child was resident other than with a parent or carer unless

this was part of a fostering or formal care arrangement. We would not normally accept an address where only part of a family had moved, unless connected with a divorce or permanent separation arrangement, in which case we would require proof.

Admission Outside Normal Age Group

Requests from parents for places outside a normal age group will be considered carefully—e.g. for those who have missed education due to ill health. Each case will be considered on its own merits and circumstances. However, such admissions will not normally be agreed without a consensus that to do so would be in the pupil's interests. The governors will ask relevant professionals for their opinion on the case. Those refused places outside the normal age group will be informed of their statutory right to appeal.

Waiting Lists

The school maintains continued interest lists for those children who are not offered a place, and the parents ask for the child's name to be added to the waiting list. The order of priority on the waiting list is the same as the list of criteria for over-subscription. It does not depend on the date on which an application is received. No account is taken of length of time on a waiting list. For those applying through the normal admissions round for the Reception year, the continued interest list will be maintained from immediately following initial allocation to the end of the academic year of entry. In the case of those applying in-year, the continued interest lists will be maintained from 1 August until 31 July of the year of application.

Multiple Births

In cases where there is one place available, and the next child on the list is a twin, triplet, etc., we would admit both twins (and all the children in the case of other multiple births) even if this meant exceeding the agreed admission number of 30 for Reception 2026–27 or the number of places in other year groups.

Fair Access

The school participates in Oxfordshire County Council's Fair Access Protocol. Children qualifying under the Fair Access Protocol may be offered a place even if there are no places available in the relevant year group and also take priority for admission over any child on the waiting list.

Appeals

There are established arrangements for appeals against non-admission. Details are available from the school, including the date by which an appeal should be submitted. It should be noted that, in the event of an unsuccessful appeal against non-admission to the school, the school does not consider any further application in the same school year (1 September – 31 August), unless there has been a material change in circumstances, for example a change of address which results in a move from outside the catchment area to inside it. If unsuccessful, appellants may complain to the Local Government Ombudsman if they feel there has been maladministration on the part of an appeal panel or the school. They are not able to complain purely on the basis of considering the decision to be wrong.

Parents who wish their children to attend the school are most welcome to visit. Arrangements can be made by contacting the school office.

Admissions in September 2025

Information in this section will be included when available

The school received [TBC] applications expressing a preference for admission to the Reception Year in 2025 by the closing date in January 2025. These were ranked as follows:

Children with statements naming the school [
Criterion i	(Looked-after children)	[TBC]
Criterion ii	(exceptional medical or social needs)	[TBC]
Criterion iii	(in catchment with a sibling in school)	[TBC]
Criterion iv	(in catchment)	[TBC]
Criterion v	(exceptional medical or social needs out of catchment)	[TBC]
Criterion vi	(out of catchment with a sibling in school)	[TBC]
Criterion vii	(other children)	[TBC]

30 places were offered, with the cut-off coming under criterion [TBC] at a distance of [TBC] miles.

Further Information

For further information, in the first instance, please contact the Chair of the Admissions Committee at the school. Contact details are as follows:

Address: Goring C.E. Primary School, Wallingford Road, Goring, Reading, RG8 OBG

Telephone: 01491 872289

Email: admissions@goring.oxon.sch.uk

Notes

Note 1: 'Parent' is defined in law (The Education Act 1996) as either:

- any person who has 'parental responsibility' (defined in the Children Act 1989) for the child or young person; or
- any person who has care of the child or young person. If you are in any doubt, please contact the school for advice.

Note 2: By a 'looked-after child' we mean one in the care of a local authority or being provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of its social services function. An adoption order is one made under the Adoption Act 1976 (Section 12) or the Adoption and Children Act 2002 (Section 46). A 'child arrangements order is one settling the arrangements to be made as to the person with whom the child is to live (Children Act 1989, Section 8, as amended by the Children and Families Act 2014, Section 14). A 'special guardianship order' is one appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian/s (Children Act 1989, Section 14A). Applications under this criterion must be accompanied by evidence to show that the child is looked after or was previously looked after (e.g. a copy of the adoption, child arrangements or special guardianship order).

<u>Note 3</u>: By 'normal home address', we mean the child's home address. This must be where the parent or legal carer of the child lives with the child unless it is proved that the child is resident elsewhere with someone else who has legal care and control of the child. The address should be a residential property that is owned, leased or rented by the child's parent/s or person with legal care and control of the child.

To avoid doubt, where a child lives with parents with shared responsibility, each for part of a week or month, the address where the child lives will be determined having regard to a joint declaration from the parents stating the exact pattern of residence. If the residence is not split equally, then the relevant address used will be that at which we are satisfied that the child

spends the majority of the school week. Where there is an equal split or there is any doubt about residence, we will make the judgment about which address to use for the purpose of determining whether or not to offer a place. We will take into account, for example, the following:

- any legal documentation confirming residence
- · the pattern of the residence
- the period of time over which the current arrangement has been in place
- confirmation from any previous school of the contact details and home address supplied to it by the parents
- where the child is registered with his/her GP
- any other evidence the parents may supply to verify the position.

We may ask for evidence of the normal home address in the form of a recent bill. This could be, for example, the most recent Council Tax bill, utility bill no more than three months old, a current TV licence, buildings and contents insurance, mortgage statement or rent book which shows the address concerned. Parents who are unable to provide this evidence should contact the school to discuss what evidence might be acceptable. If it becomes clear or if there is any doubt that the parents and child are not living at the address given on the application form, the school may seek further evidence. The school will work closely with the LA to ensure that places are not obtained at the school on the basis of false addresses, and, in cases of doubt, will take steps to verify the information provided. If a place at the school is offered, and it later becomes clear that the offer was made on fraudulent or misleading information (e.g. a false claim to living in the catchment area), and the school has denied a place to a child with a stronger claim, the school will withdraw the offer of a place. The offer can also be withdrawn even after the child has started at the school.

We regard a child's home address to be where he or she sleeps for the majority of the school week (Monday to Friday). We may ask to see official documentation, such as a child benefit book or medical card if there are reasons why a child does not live at his or her parent's address. For example, if he or she is resident with a grandparent, this needs to be made clear on the application form. If such arrangements are not declared or a relative's address is used on the application, we may consider that a false declaration has been made and withdraw the offer of a place. Childcare arrangements are **not** sufficient reason for listing another address.

If parents move house after the application has been made, but before any offer of a place has been made, the home LA must be informed.

If parents are moving, we will ask for evidence of the move, before considering any application for a place under the co-ordinated scheme.

We would not accept an address where the one given is that of a second home with the main home being elsewhere. If there are two or more homes, we will check which is the main home, and may refuse to base an allocation of a place on an address which might be considered only temporary. Nor would we accept an address where the child was resident other than with a parent or carer unless this was part of a fostering or formal care arrangement. We would not normally accept an address where only part of a family had moved, unless connected with a divorce or permanent separation arrangement, in which case we would require proof.

Note 4: When applying under criterion ii or v (exceptional medical or social needs), you must include supporting evidence from an independent professional person who is aware of the situation and supports your reasons for preferring Goring C.E. Primary School. This supporting evidence must clearly demonstrate why the school is the most suitable and must illustrate the difficulties that would be caused if your child had to attend another school. The person supplying the evidence should be a doctor, heath visitor, social worker, etc. who is

aware of your child's or your own case. The school reserves the right to ask for further evidence or clarification where necessary and may seek the advice of appropriate educational professionals where necessary.

<u>Note 5</u>: By sibling we mean a brother or sister, half-brother or -sister, adopted brother or sister, step brother or sister, or the child of the parent's/carer's partner where the child for whom the school place is sought is living in the same family unit at the same address as that sibling. It is helpful if parents make it clear on the application form where the sibling has a different family name. Where there is more than one sibling at the school, only the youngest should be listed on the application form.

Note 6: MEASURING DISTANCES FROM HOME TO SCHOOL

Children who live closest to the school using the shortest designated route as defined on the Directorate for Children, Education and Families' Geographic Information System.

The start point of a measurement is the "seed point" of the home address. The "seed point" is provided by Ordnance Survey from information compiled from Royal Mail and/or district or city councils. The seed point normally falls within the bounds of a property. The accuracy of seed points is to the nearest ten centimetres. It is possible to move the location of an individual seed point, but this is not necessary for most addresses. It is not possible to verify the individual location of every seed point prior to measuring due to the number of addresses in Oxfordshire and surrounding areas.

From the seed point the route firstly connects to the nearest point of the digitised network. The digitised network is constructed from road data supplied by Ordnance Survey called the Integrated Transport Network (ITN). The Integrated Transport Network has been accurately digitised to measure along the centre of roads and takes corners at right angles. This is the same underlying information as used by internet-based mapping solutions (e.g. Google Maps). However, the LA has a more accurate start point than internet-based mapping solutions and the ITN has been augmented by the LA to take into account other available public routes (e.g. alleyways, public footpaths, bridleways, etc). The augmented ITN used by the LA is accurate to at least 1 metre.

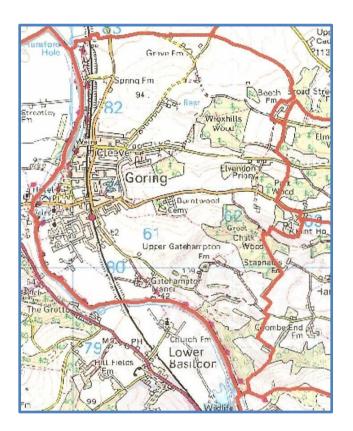
All 548,000 kilometres of roads in Great Britain are accurately mapped in a consistent and logical network. The network does not include routes that are not defined as public; these include crossing parks with no paths where the park is not open and available all the time, "short-cuts" across patches of open land without paths, or footpaths across private land which are not defined by Ordnance Survey as public routes. The end point of the "shortest designated route" is the nearest open gate of the school first arrived at from the direction of travel from the seed point that is officially available for use by students for entry and exit to the school site at the start and end of the school day. The location of these gates has been set by the LA.

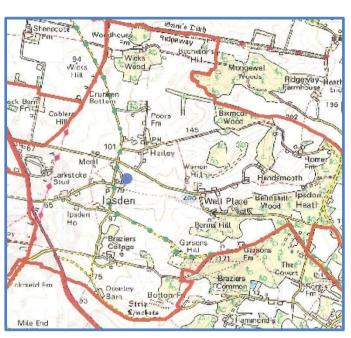
The LA consults with each individual school annually to ensure accurate placement of the gate and its availability for use. The shortest designated route is established using an algorithm within the bespoke software used by the LA. This software is called RouteFinder and is produced by Higher Mapping Solutions (www.highermappingsolutions.com). This programme integrates with the LA's database (ONE) which is supplied by Capita Children's Services (www.capitacs.co.uk). RouteFinder measures in kilometres and the measurement is converted into miles accurate to three decimal places, which gives an accurate reading up to 1.609344 metres. The "shortest designated route" is not necessarily a driving route because it may use in whole or in part a non-driveable route (e.g. footpaths). The "shortest designated route" is also not necessarily a walking route for example, where roads are used; the measurement is along the centre of the road not along the edge (pavement or equivalent) of the road. Other measuring systems may give a different measurement but the LA cannot take

a measurement from another measuring system into account because this would constitute maladministration of the admissions process. For addresses which are outside the digitised network (approximately 6 miles outside Oxfordshire's county boundary) an internet mapping solution will be used.

For addresses in Europe, we use maps.google.co.uk for addresses outside Europe we measure a straight line distance using longitude and latitude. Firstly, we derive a start point (the home address) using itouchmap.com/latlong.html We then measure the straight line distance in statute miles from this start point to the end point (the school gate) using www.nhc.noaa.gov/gccalc.shtml.

Goring CE Primary School catchment area, which includes the villages of Goring and Ipsden





The Oxfordshire County Council website provides a search tool of all Oxfordshire schools and their catchment areas. https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/residents/schools/list

FORM OF APPEAL Goring Primary School

Name of Child	
Date of birth	
Term for which appe	eal is being made
Name/s of Parent or	Guardian
Address	
Tel Number: Home	
Work	
	d by the Chair of Governors/Chair of Admissions Authority of the place will not be available for my child in his/her term of entry.
I would like to app	eal against the Governors' decision.
My reasons are as f	ollows:
Signed	(Parent/Guardian)
Date	